

Using Packages

Or how I learned to stop worrying and love the .deb

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AA4HS



Getting Started

- `apt install gqrx-sdr`
- `apt install gnuradio-dev`

will pull in ~470 packages to meet all dependencies

So – what's in there...

- A handy receiver GUI application gqrx
- GNU Radio and volk
- Hardware support:
airspy, bladerf, hackrf, rtl-sdr, uhd
(and more thanks to Osmocom)

OOT Development

- Needs some more dev tools:
apt install build-essential cmake
ninja-build
- ...and some libfoo-dev and libbar-dev for your module using foo and bar features
- libvolk1-bin libfftw3-bin

Packages are great, but:

- They are old and not the version I need.
- They are not built with the right options
- They won't install on my system
- The software I need is not packaged
- Packages and Distributions are a barrier between developers and users

What is packaged?

- For my OS instance (using apt)
apt-cache search <keyword>
- For applications, look to AppStream
(the AppStream future is a work-in-progress)

Quick fixes are not so hard

- Use the source
`apt source <some package>`
- Edit the source, say to add your USB device ids, add your own feature
- Build locally
`debuild -us -uc`
- Deploy locally
`dpkg -install <your debs>`

Roll your own

- Doing your own packaging is really not so hard.
Lots of tools, instruction, and examples
- Doing your own package repository is really not so hard.
Lots of tools, instruction, and examples
 - Helps form a team with shared experience

Barrier or Opportunity

- Distributions come with Overhead
but they are a focal point for review of license, code, and suitability. Derivatives depend upon these features.
- Policy – we don't need no stinkin' policy
but it is often the thing that allows us to work together with fewer conflicts
- Developers are best to support users directly
Distributions have teams of translators, security bug fixers, build systems, debugging tools, QA and monitoring, larger lifecycle support.

Debian the Distribution

- A Community around Free Software
- Has sub-distributions:
 - Unstable – new bits
 - Testing – bits are not immediately buggy
 - Stable – release for widespread use
- Has many derivative distributions
best to get it right in Debian

Interacting with Debian

- Debian has a bug tracking system
- Unpackaged software has special bugs:
 - RFP: Request for Package
 - ITP: Intent to Package
- Debian has web based tracking tools
- Email - mailing lists, irc

Debian Source and Binary distribution

- Install binary software without compiling on target machine
- Lots of tooling at the package level
- It's really all about the source
 - Source to end users
 - Source for review and audit
 - Source for derivation and improvements

GNU Radio and Debian

- An natural fit, we value Free Software
- Most of the ecosystem is licensed to uphold the Debian Free Software Guildelines (DFSG).
- If you contribute to GNU Radio, expect to find yourself to be contributing to Debian.

Credit where credit is due

- Copyright your work
- License your work
- State the Above clearly
 - Credit others whose work you derived
 - Comply with the licenses of others work
- We all would not be here except for authors specifically licensing code to allow sharing.

Release clearly

- Early and often is fine
- Debian, other distributions, and archivists love tarballs on a public site
But will settle for git release tags.
- Extra points for cryptographic hashsums for integrity and cryptographic signatures for verifiable attributions

CMake GNUInstallDirs

`include(GNUInstallDirs)`

- Adds additional control variables useful in the install step.

`CMAKE_INSTALL_LIBDIR`, `CMAKE_INSTALL_*`

- GNU Coding Standards
- Multi-Arch Support
- Debian tools do the right things

Man pages

- Debian is old school.

Policy tells us to document applications in */usr/bin* with unix man pages

- But yeah, keep doing Doxygen and keep trying to do better modern documentation practices.
- It turns out, work done in documentation often leads to successful outcomes.

The Package Maintainer's point of view

- <https://qa.debian.org/developer.php?login=bottoms&comaint=yes>
- <https://qa.debian.org/developer.php?login=aeb&comaint=yes>
- If this is an eye chart, you should follow the links...

Info of versions, automatic testing, notice of new upstream releases.

Links to bug reports.

- <http://tracker.debian.org/>

Questions?

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